Section 7.2: Operations with Decimals

Theorem 1: Let $\frac{a}{b}$ be a fraction in simplest form. Then $\frac{a}{b}$ has a terminating decimal representation if and only if *b* contains only 2s and/or 5s in its prime factorization.

For examples 1–4, express each of the following repeating decimals as a fraction. You do not need to simplify the fraction.

1. $0.7\overline{6}$

2. $0.58\overline{43}$

$3. \quad 0.83\overline{2469}$

 $4. \quad 0.583\overline{169}$

- 5. Find the following products and express answers in scientific notation.
 - (a) $(3.5 \times 10^3) \times (5.2 \times 10^9)$

(b) $(7.85 \times 10^{11}) \times (6.4 \times 10^5)$

6. Find the following quotients and express answers in scientific notation.

(a)
$$\frac{9.3 \times 10^8}{2.4 \times 10^3}$$
 (b) $\frac{7.612 \times 10^{15}}{5.5 \times 10^7}$