## Section 7.2: Operations with Decimals

Theorem 1: Let $\frac{a}{b}$ be a fraction in simplest form. Then $\frac{a}{b}$ has a terminating decimal representation if and only if $b$ contains only 2 s and/or 5 s in its prime factorization.

For examples 1-4, express each of the following repeating decimals as a fraction. You do not need to simplify the fraction.

1. $0.7 \overline{6}$
2. $0.58 \overline{43}$
3. $0.83 \overline{2469}$
4. $0.583 \overline{169}$
5. Find the following products and express answers in scientific notation.
(a) $\left(3.5 \times 10^{3}\right) \times\left(5.2 \times 10^{9}\right)$
(b) $\left(7.85 \times 10^{11}\right) \times\left(6.4 \times 10^{5}\right)$
6. Find the following quotients and express answers in scientific notation.
(a) $\frac{9.3 \times 10^{8}}{2.4 \times 10^{3}}$
(b) $\frac{7.612 \times 10^{15}}{5.5 \times 10^{7}}$
