American Politics 10100

Study Guide

Midterm 2

March 17, 2002

The second midterm will be drawn from the following are terms, concepts and items.

Bargain struck at the Constitutional Convention

14th Amendment

Civil liberties

Civil rights

Establishment Clause

Lemon Test

Endorsement Test

Non-preferential Test

Free Exercise Clause

Writ of habeas corpus

Compelling Interest Test

Absolute Protected Speech

Clear and Present Danger Test

Conditionally Protected Speech

Libel

Slander

Obsenity

Symbolic Speech

Commercial Speech

Due Process Liberties

Sedition

Miller vs. California (1973)

4th Amendment

Exclusionary Rule and its exceptions

Mapp v. Ohio (1961)

5th Amendment - Court-related Rights

Grand juries

Double Jeopardy

Palko v. Connecticut (1937)

Self-incrimination

Miranda v. Arizona (1966)

6th Amendment - Fair Trial

Court Appointed Attorney

Giddeon vs. Wainwright (1963)

Right to Privacy

Birth Control

Griswold v. Connecticut (1966)

Abortion

Roe v. Wade (1973)

Common vs. civil law

Prior Restraint

Selective incorporation

School vouchers, choice and charter schools (Movie, reading and lecture)

How we subsidize private schools

School prayer

Bill of attainder

Undue burden test

Regulatory taking

Due process

Police powers

Procedural due process

Miranda v. Arizona (1966)

Double jeopardy

Cruel and unusual punishment

Death penalty

Dred Scott Case

Emancipation Proclamation

Reconstruction

De jure segration

Plessy v. Fergusan (1896)

NAACP

Brown v. Board of Education (1954)

Civil Rights Act of 1960

Civil Rights Act of 1964

Voting Rights Act of 1965

de facto segregation

Affirmative action

Women and Civil Rights

Structural discrimination

Americans with disabilities Act of 1990

Age claims

Gays and lesbian movement

Bakke vs. California Board of Regents

Natural rights

Kerner Commission

Equal protection clause

Rational basis test

Strict scrutiny test

Heightened scrutiny test

White primary

You should be familiar with the Fiske article and the issues involved in giving preferences given to athletes.

Racial gerrymandering

Fundamental rights

Proving discrimination

Poll tax

Literacy tests

Rights as applied to association, accommodation, employment and housing.

Racial and religious restrictive covenants

Red-lining

California Prop. 209

Class action suits

Why affirmative action prospered in the 1970s and 80s.

Interest group definition

You should be familiar with the functions of Interest Groups, why they've grown, and the challenges associated in maintaining interest groups.

Types of interest groups

Interest Group Bias

Strategies to Influence Public Policy

PACs

Bundling

Movements

Union membership

Free rider

Closed shop

Interest group resources

Federal register

Amicus curiae brief

Federal Election Campaign Act (FECA) of 1971

Iron triangle

Challenges associated with public opinion

Who is Informed About Politics?

Sources of information about politics

Issue publics.

How socialization occurs.

Ideologies

Liberalism

Conservatism

Sampling

Latency

Salience

Intensity

Reasons for the low voter turn out

Party identification

Australian ballot

"Motor voter" bill

Voter registration

Role of Media in a Democracy

Democratic Dilemmas

The News Media and Government

Pressure on policymakers

Spin control

Yellow journalism

Muckraking

Post WWI "objectivity"

Changes in Readership and Viewership

Ownership of the Media

The 1996 Telecommunication Deregulation Act

Factors that promote news and editorial diversity

What is news and what determines what is covered?

Criticisms of the News Media

Issue ads

Fairness doctrine

Media bias

Selective exposure

Issue framing

Issues in "Counterfeit Coverage"